

SENSIBLE SALTING AND WATER RESOURCES



Scott Kuykendall

Water Resources Specialist

McHenry County Department of Planning & Development



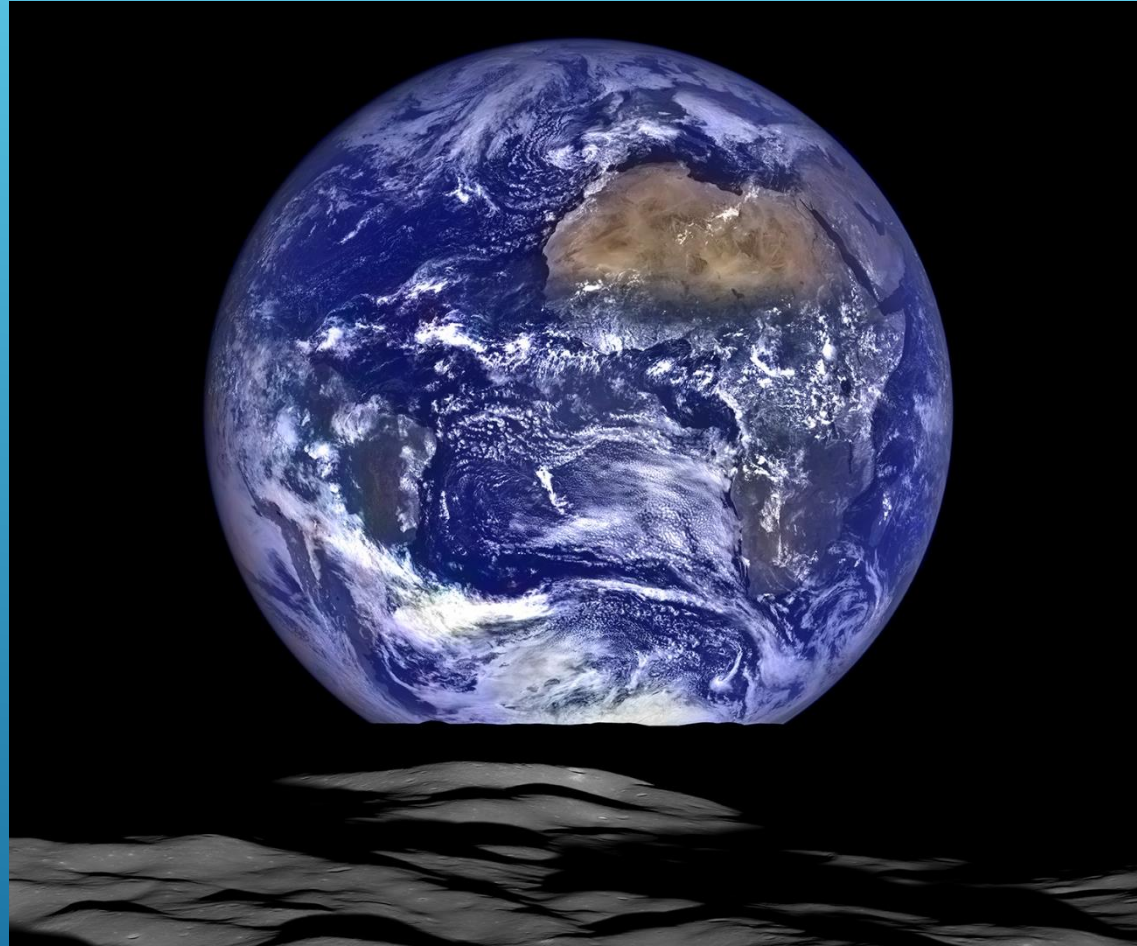
WHY ARE WE HERE TODAY?



To understand the connection
between the use of road salt,
and our water resources!

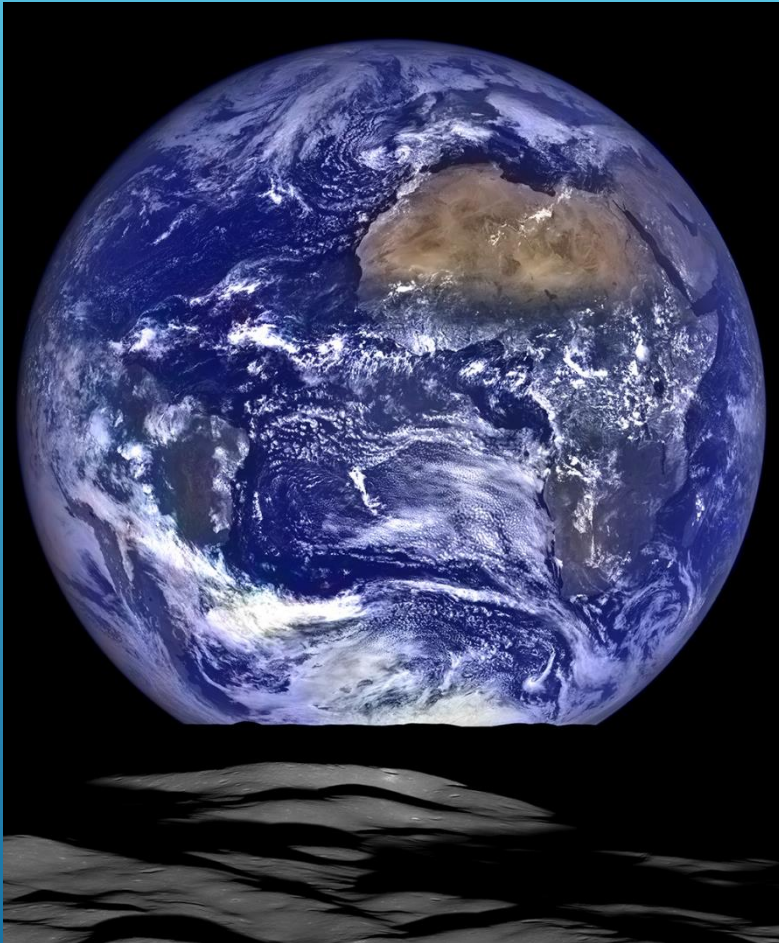


CONSIDER THIS...

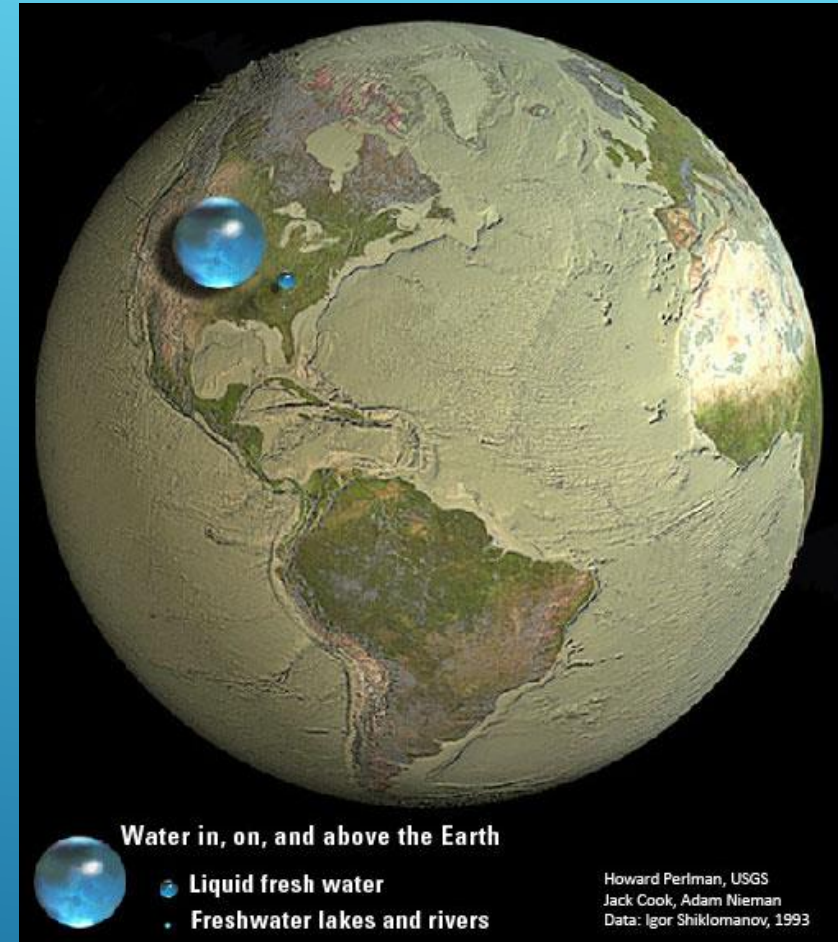


We live on a blue planet where about 75% of the Earth's surface is covered with water...

CONSIDER THIS...



97.5% is ocean

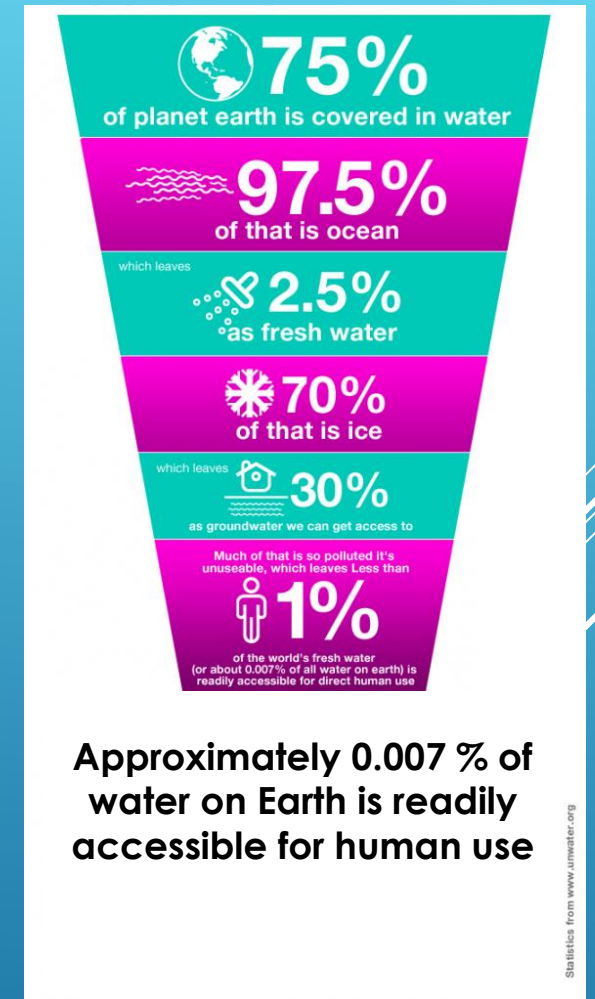
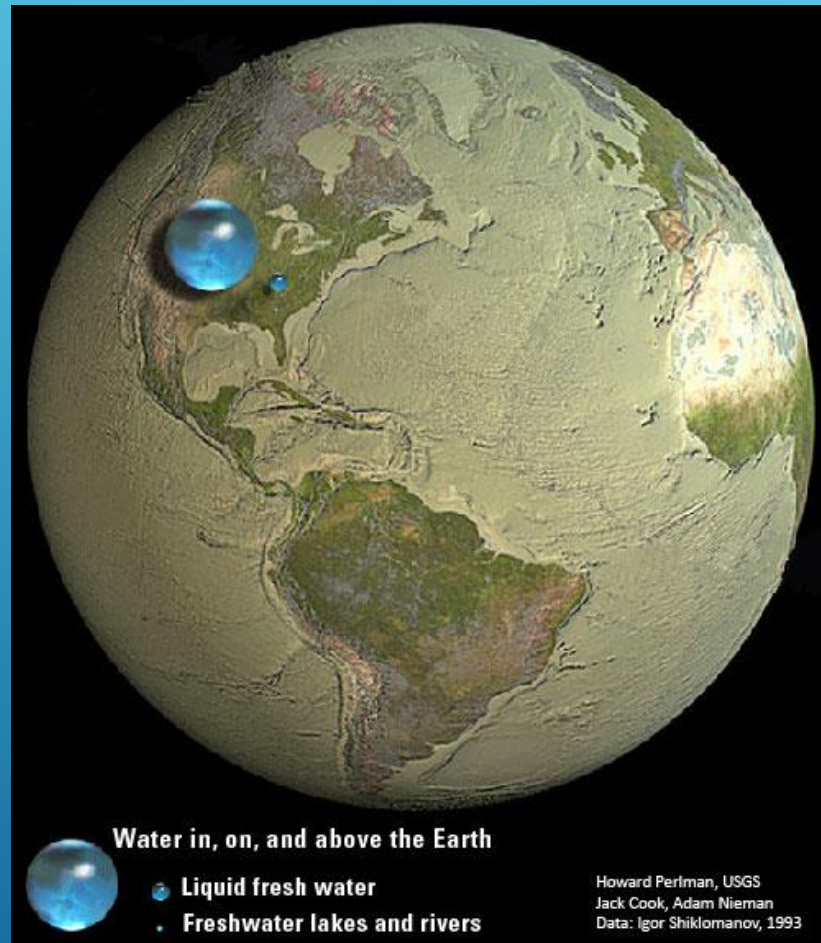


only 2.5% is fresh water

CONSIDER THIS...

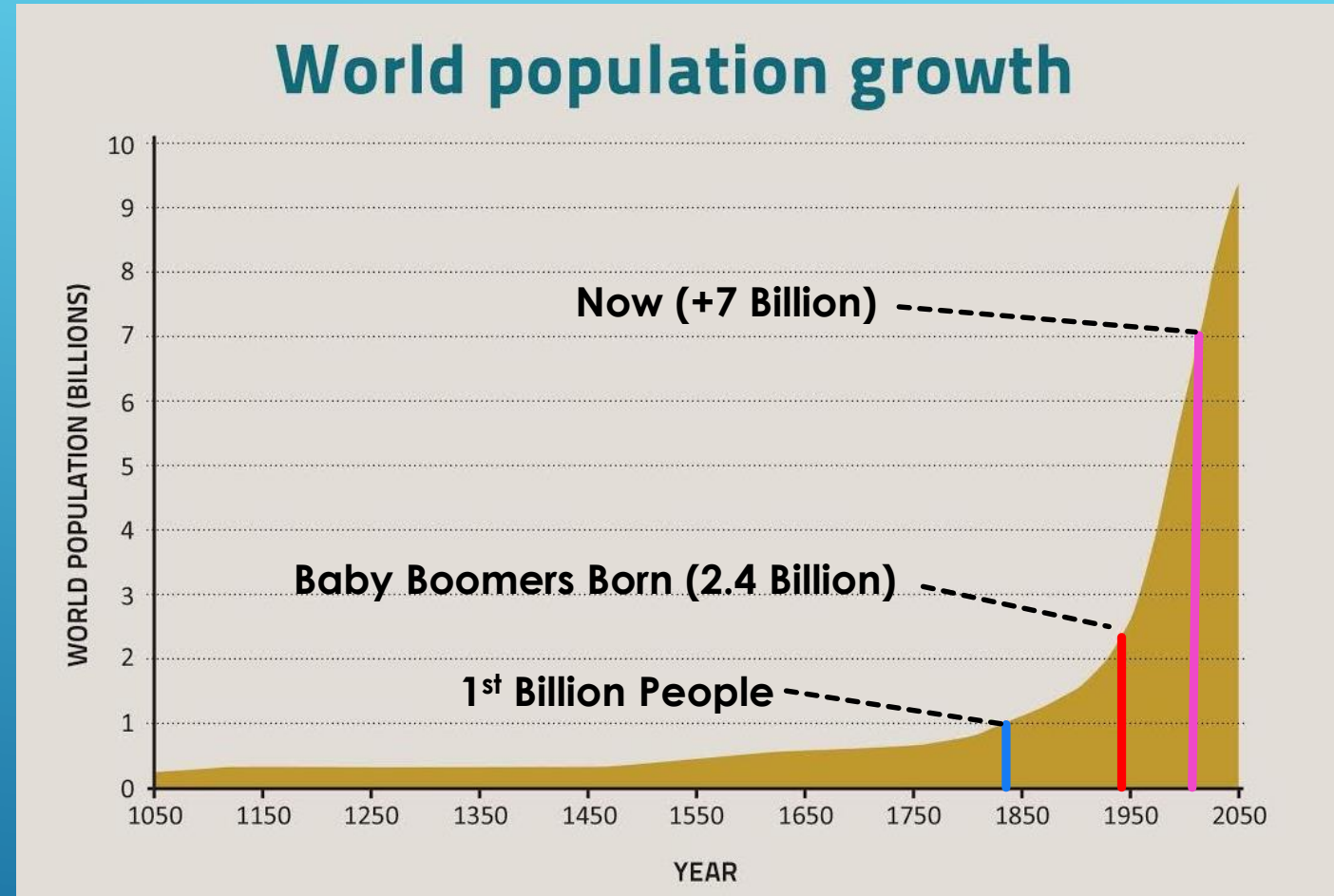
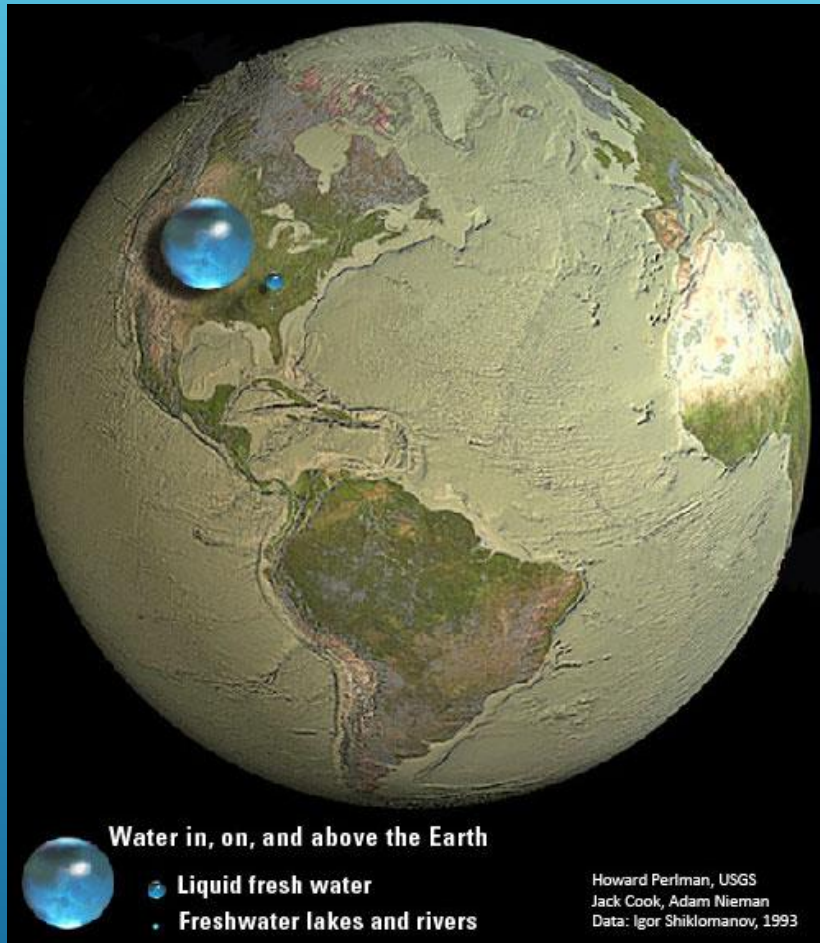
2.5% Fresh Water

- 70% of that is ice
- Most of remaining 30% is inaccessible or unusable
- Only 0.007% is clean & accessible
 - 70% used for Irrigation
 - 22% used for Industry
 - 8% for domestic use



Only about 0.007 % of all the water on the planet is available to support humanity

CONSIDER THIS...



200 thousand years for 1st billion people, only 200 years for the next 8 billion people

More people relying on the 0.007% of available fresh water

OUR ACTIONS ARE POLLUTING THE 0.007%





WATER IS NECESSARY
FOR ALL LIVING THINGS



WATER IS NECESSARY
FOR ALL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

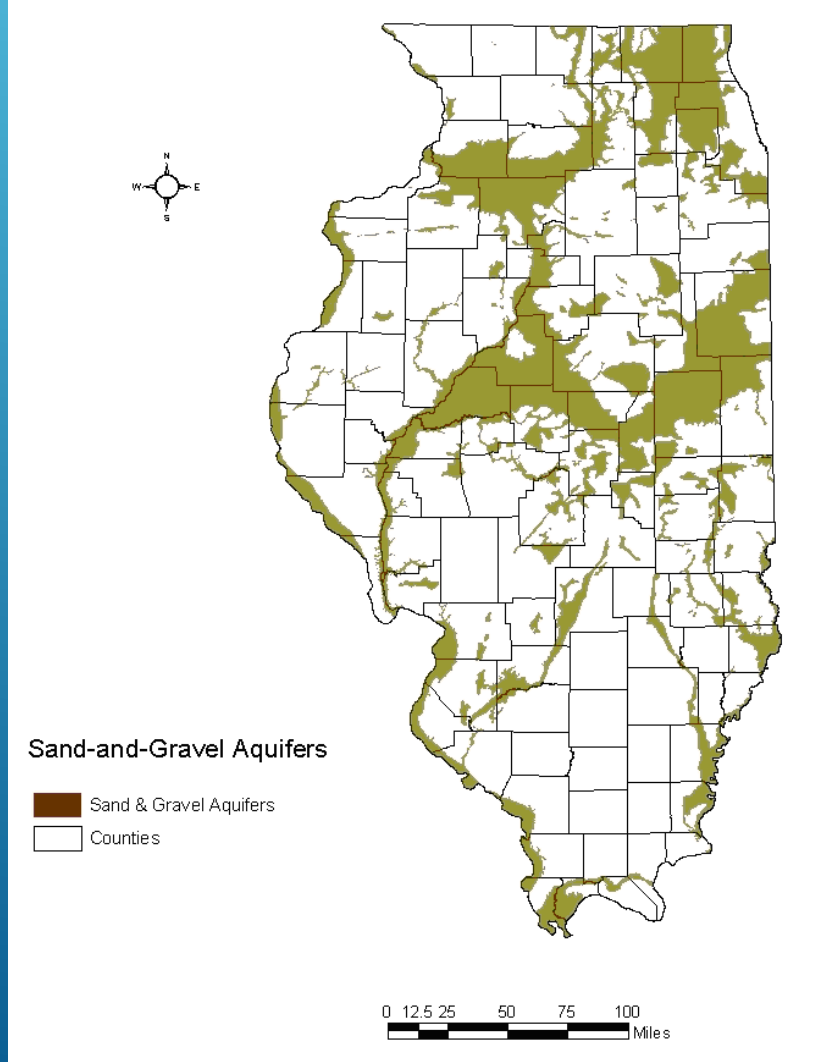
WATER IS SCARCE IN MUCH OF THE WORLD



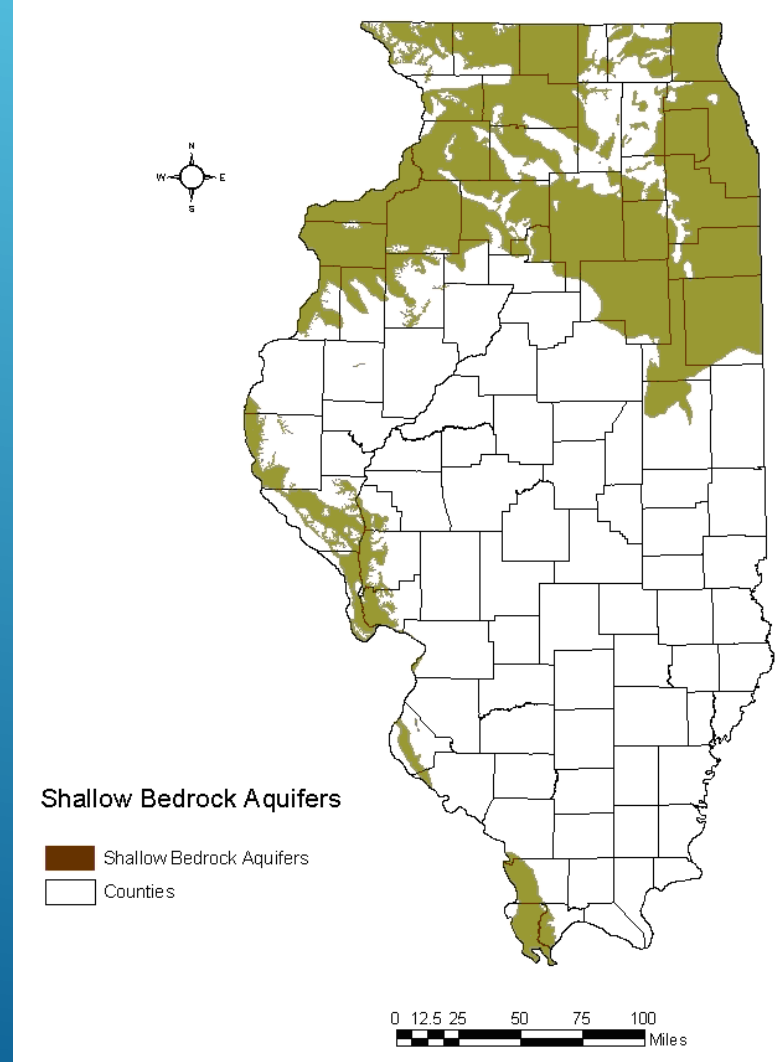
- By 2025: 2/3 of world's population under water stress
1.8 billion people in absolute water scarcity

GROUNDWATER AQUIFER DISTRIBUTION IN ILLINOIS

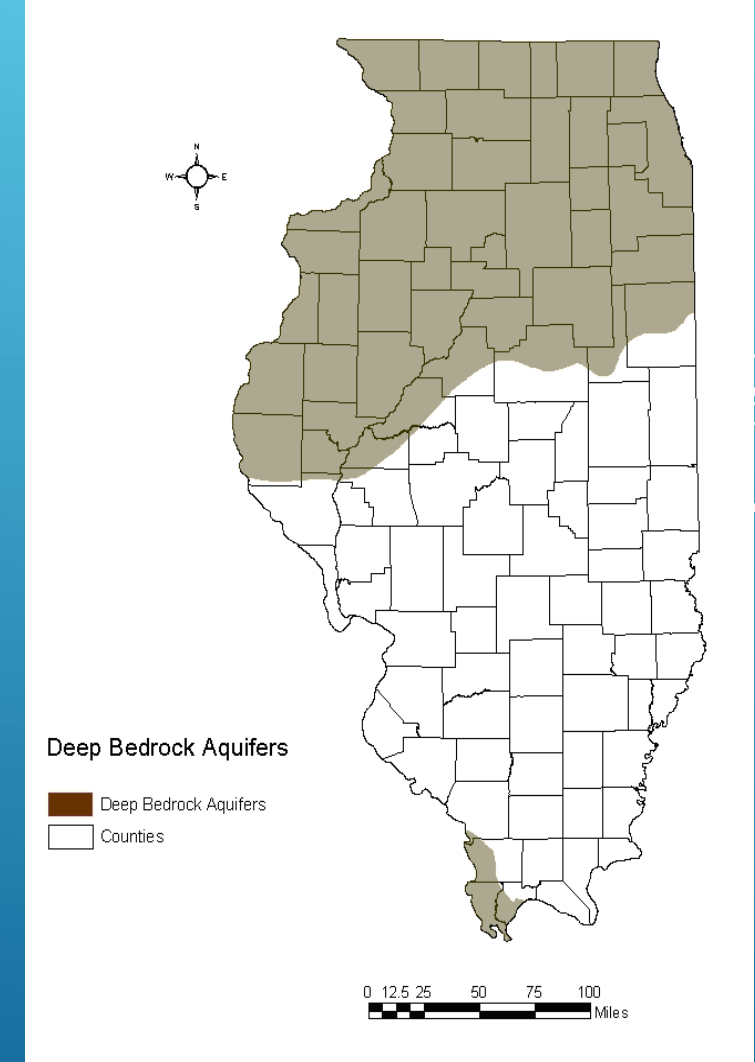
Sand & Gravel



Limestone

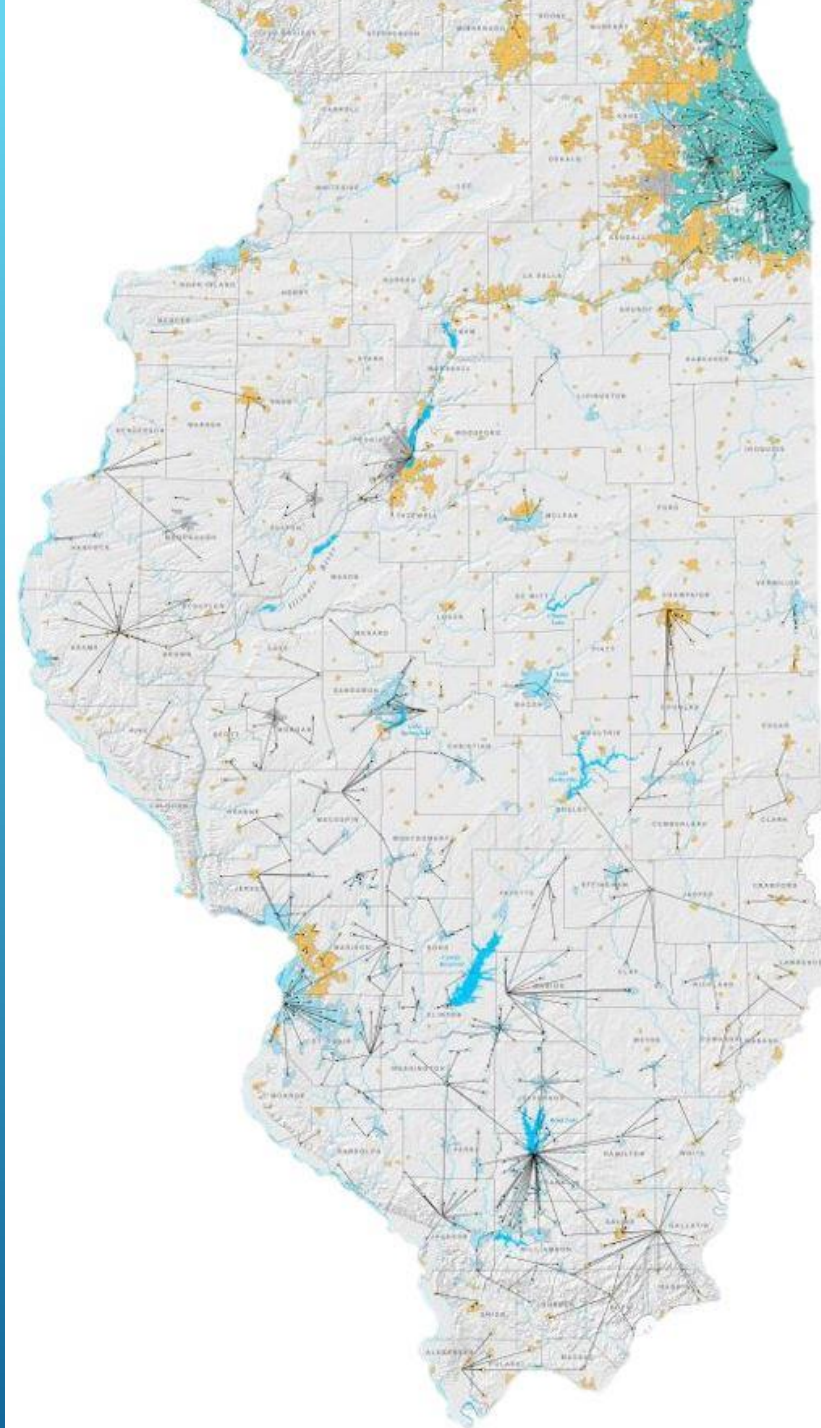


Sandstone



DISTRIBUTION OF WATER USE IN ILLINOIS

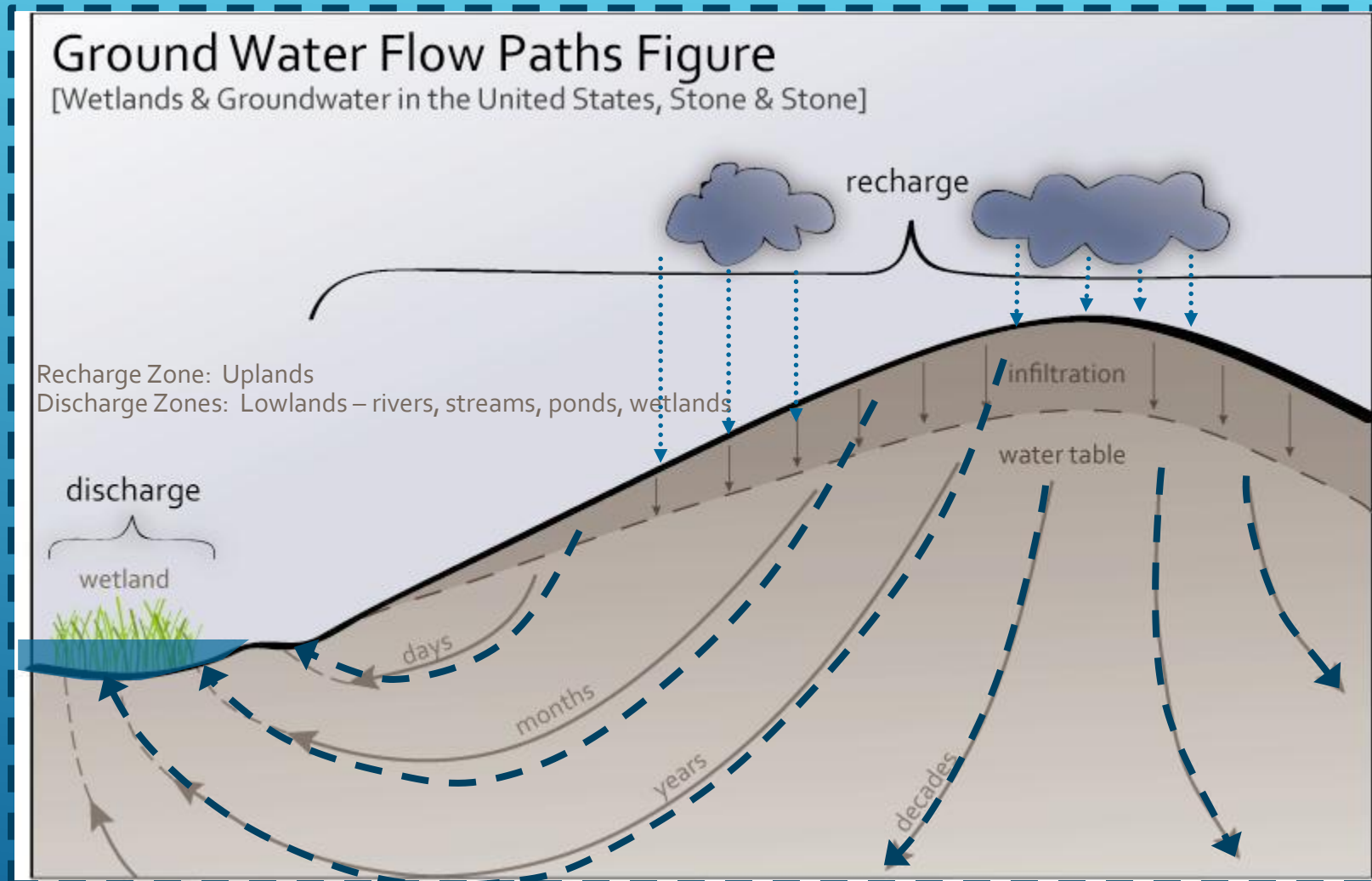
- **Groundwater...**
- **Lakes & Rivers**
- **Reservoirs**



NATURAL HYDROLOGY

Slide courtesy of James Patchett and Conservation Design Forum

- Naturally cooled
- Naturally cleaned
- Steady baseflow
- Limited evaporation

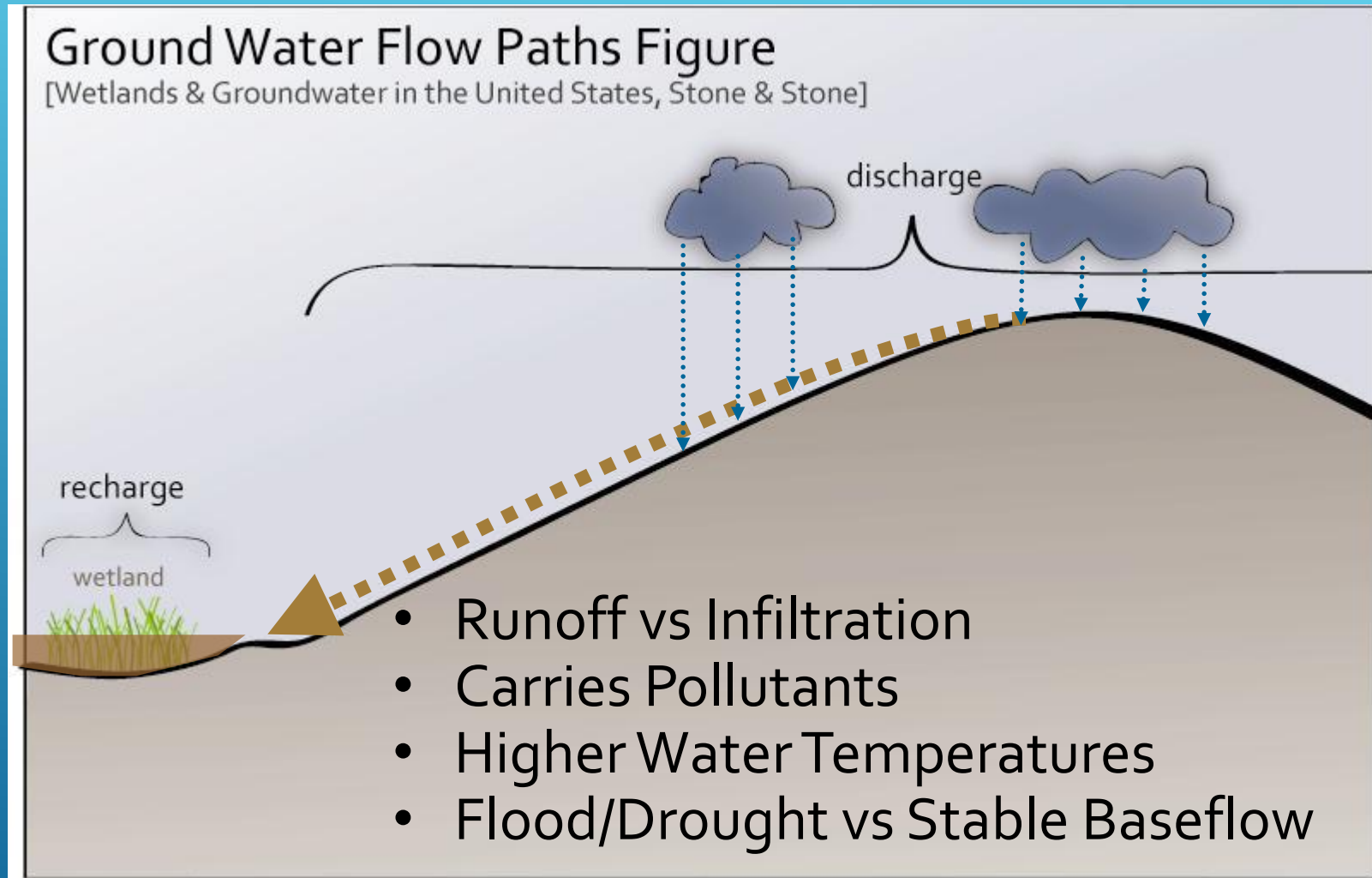


Constant, clean discharge flows, year round to sustain stable surface water hydrology with constant water temperature and chemistry

URBAN HYDROLOGY

Slide courtesy of James Patchett and Conservation Design Forum

- Thermal pollution
- Sediment
- Oils and greases
- Heavy metals
- Toxic chemicals
- Fertilizers
- Pesticides
- Salts
- Septic waste
- Animal waste
- Bacteria
- Etc...



WATER IS A FINITE RESOURCE

At the moment, much of Illinois has safe,
sustainable water sources

Only if we protect them!

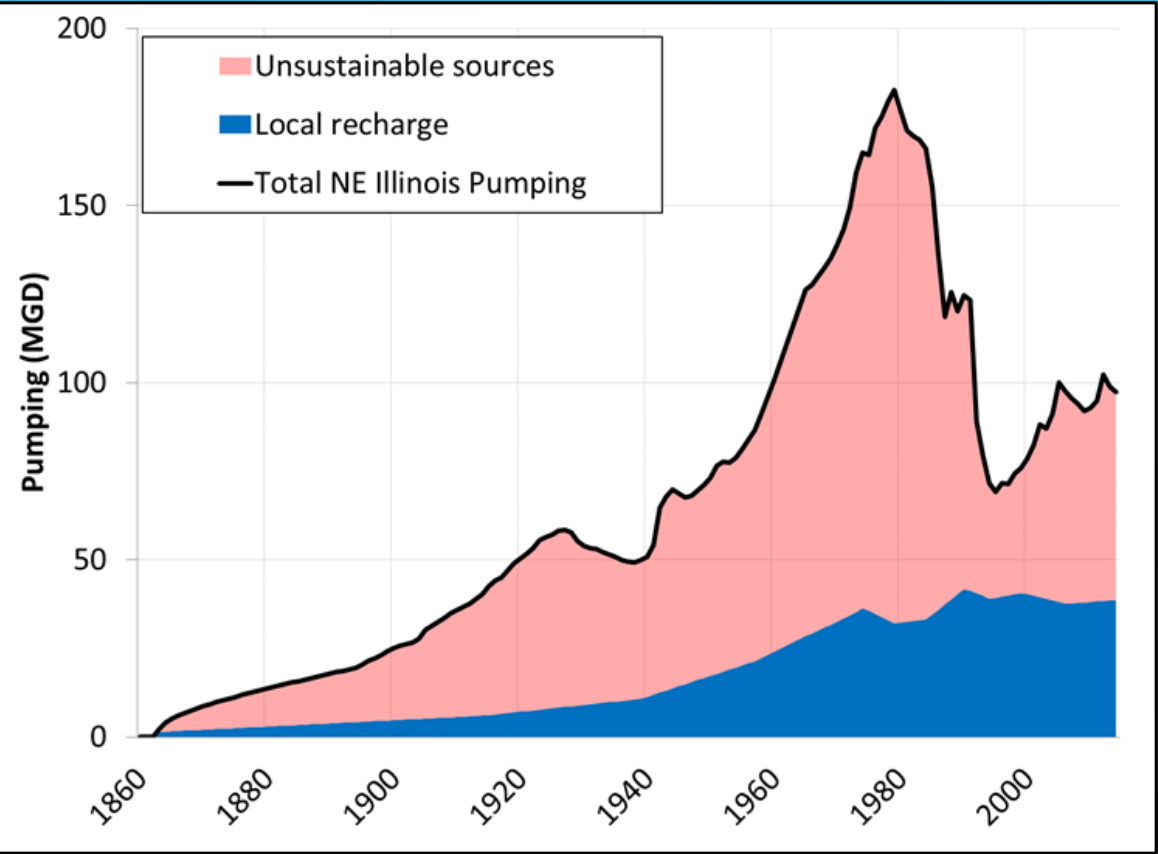


OUR WATER RESOURCES ARE VULNERABLE...

- Over-Consumption (Finite Supply)
- Loss/Modification of Recharge Area (reduce Recharge)
- Drought (supply decreases/demand increases)
- Pollution (including salt)

OVER CONSUMPTION...

Groundwater Demand vs. Recharge NE Illinois



Data provided by Illinois State Water Survey

Sustainable Yield vs. Current Demands
Deep Bedrock Aquifers NE Illinois

County	Sustainable Yield*	Current Demands	Percent Sustainable
Cook and DuPage	8	11	72%
Grundy	7	8	88%
Kane	17	27	63%
Kendall	2	9	22%
Lake	5	5	100%
McHenry	8	8	100%
Will	12	30	40%

MGD

LOSS OF GROUNDWATER RECHARGE/NATURAL HYDROLOGY...



DROUGHT...

“Period of unusually persistent dry weather that continues long enough to cause serious problems such as crop damage and/or water supply shortages”

(McHenry County National Hazards Mitigation Plan)

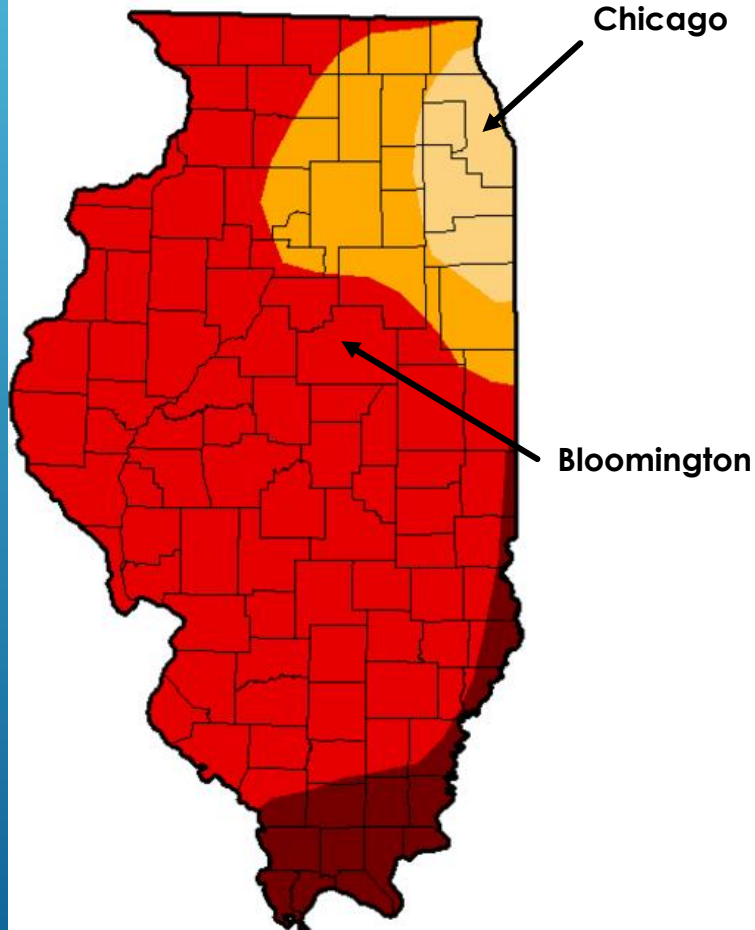
During periods of drought:

- Groundwater recharge decreases
- Water use increases across all sectors (SIUC):
 - Public-supply withdrawals increase by 5%
 - Commercial and Industrial withdrawals increase by 5.5-5.6%
 - Irrigation and Agricultural withdrawals increase by 50%



DROUGHT CONDITIONS IN 2012

U.S. Drought Monitor Illinois



August 7, 2012

(Released Thursday, Aug. 9, 2012)

Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	0.00	100.00	100.00	94.10	81.18	8.38
Last Week 7/31/2012	0.00	100.00	100.00	93.93	71.29	8.39
3 Months Ago 5/6/2012	81.77	18.23	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 1/3/2012	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 9/27/2011	45.76	54.24	30.76	14.68	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 8/8/2011	39.45	60.55	30.12	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

D0 Abnormally Dry

D1 Moderate Drought

D2 Severe Drought

D3 Extreme Drought

D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

Author:

Mark Svoboda

National Drought Mitigation Center

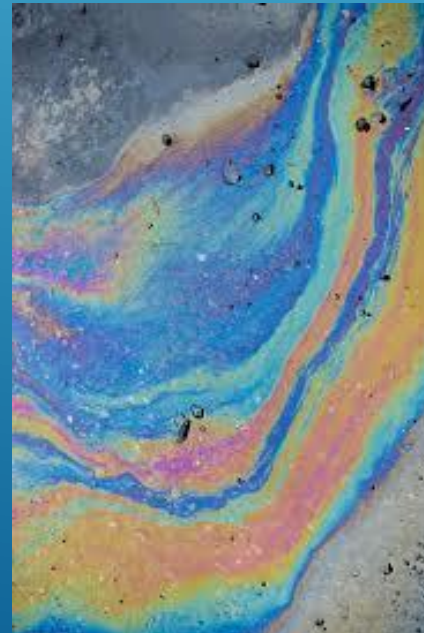


<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>



2012 Drought
Major Drop in
Water Levels

CONTAMINATION...



WE USE LOTS OF SALT!

AND IT'S CONTAMINATING OUR WATER

- **Road Salt**
- Water Softeners
- Fertilizers



- Toxic to Fish & Wildlife
- Kills Vegetation
- Highly Corrosive
(metal/Infrastructure)

ROAD SALT: ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS



Photo: Michael Adam, Lake County Health Dept.



Photo: Michael Adam, Lake County Health Dept.



Photo: Scott Kuykendall

Road Salts Can Damage Plants

ROAD SALT: ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS



Cattails

Photo: Michael Adam, Lake County Health Dept.



Buckthorn

Photo: Michael Adam, Lake County Health Dept.



Phragmites

Photo: Scott Kuykendall

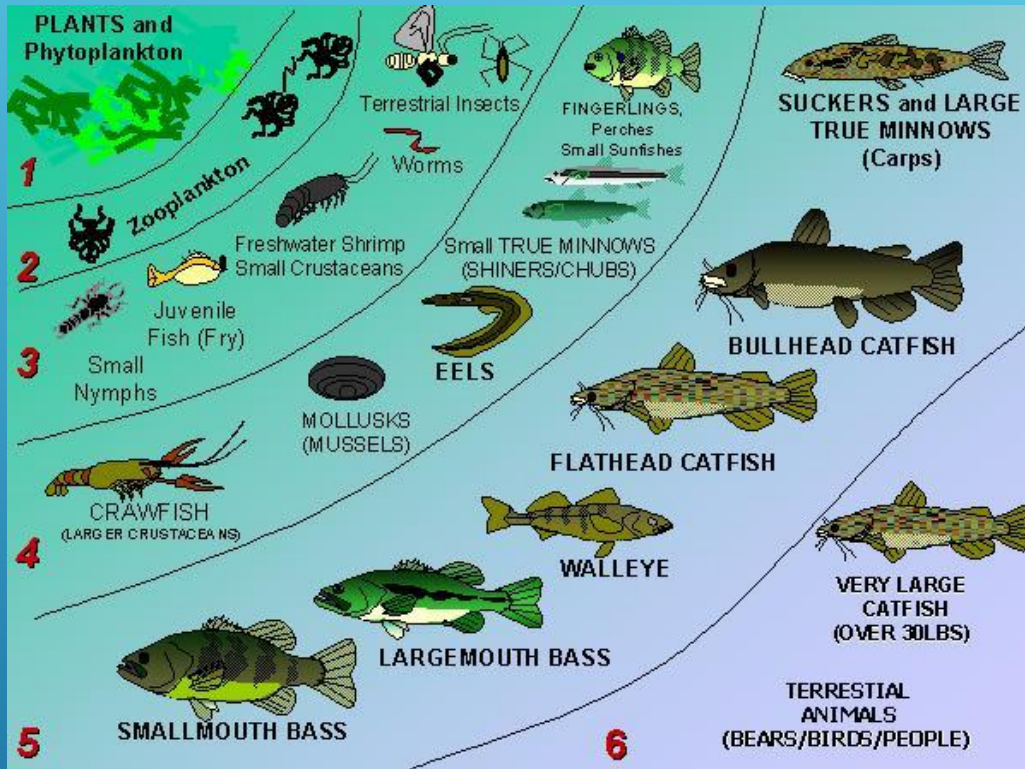
Salt tolerant species may outcompete native species, decrease biodiversity

ROAD SALT: ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS

- Aquatic life impacted by high salt concentrations
 - Frogs
 - Salamanders
 - Fish, minnows (210 mg/L)
- Some birds may also be affected by salt consumption



ROAD SALT: ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS



- Low concentrations kills the food fish depend on...killing fish
- Higher concentrations can kill fish directly

ROAD SALT: INFRASTRUCTURE IMPACTS

Chloride and Corrosion

Road Salt can be a Killer to asphalt and concrete



ROAD SALT: INFRASTRUCTURE IMPACTS

Chloride and Corrosion

Chloride ions are the major cause for the corrosion of metal in cars, of steel reinforcement in concrete, and can accelerate corrosion of metallic pipes and structures



ROAD SALT: INFRASTRUCTURE IMPACTS

Chloride and Corrosion

- ▶ Annual direct losses caused by corrosion on U.S. highway bridges are estimated at \$276 billion, approximately 3.1 percent of the nation's gross domestic product.
(U.S. Federal Highway Association)
- ▶ An estimated \$5 Billion of damage is due directly to road salt!



SALT: ONCE IN SOLUTION, ALWAYS IN SOLUTION

CHLORIDE STANDARDS

- IEPA Class I Potable Groundwater Resource Standard: **200 mg/L**
- USEPA Secondary Drinking Water Standard: **250 mg/L**
- Natural Background Levels
Fall within range of **1-10 mg/l**

**1 teaspoon salt permanently contaminates
5 gal. of water (230 mg/L)**



PERMANENT WATER IMPACTS FROM SALT

About 1.5 pounds = 3 cups = 150 teaspoons:

Contaminates 4 years worth of drinking water for a person

Makes 30 gallons of water unlivable to fish



24,000 pounds = 48,000 cups = 2,400,000 teaspoons:

Contaminates 65,753 years worth of drinking water for a person

Makes 500,000 gallons of water unlivable to fish

WE USE LOTS OF SALT!



There are over
28,000 linear
miles of roadway
in the Chicago
Metropolitan Area
alone

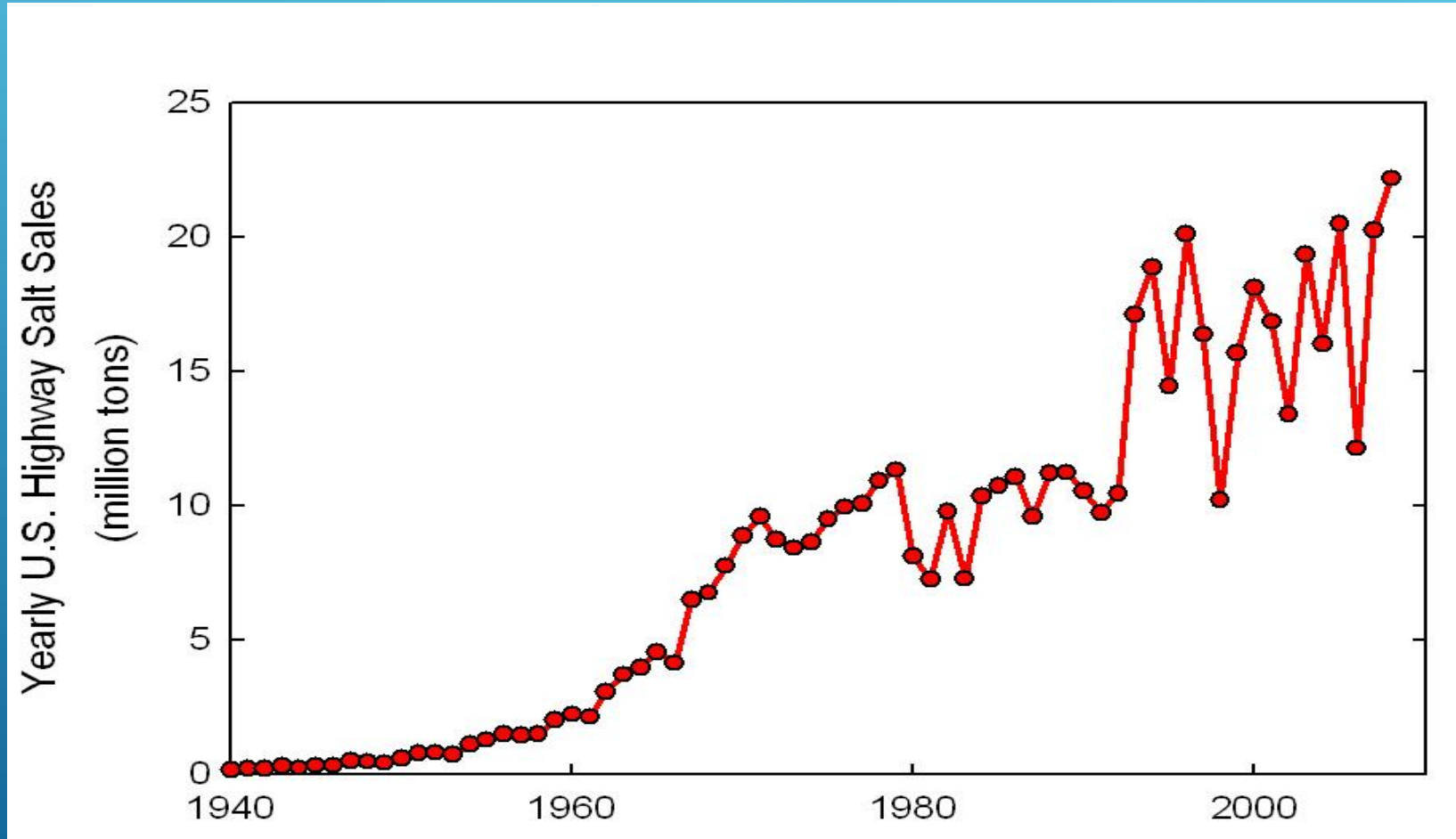
IT'S NOT JUST ROADS WE SALT!

- Parking lots
- Driveways
- Sidewalks



ROAD SALT IN U.S.

COMMON USE STARTED IN THE 1960's



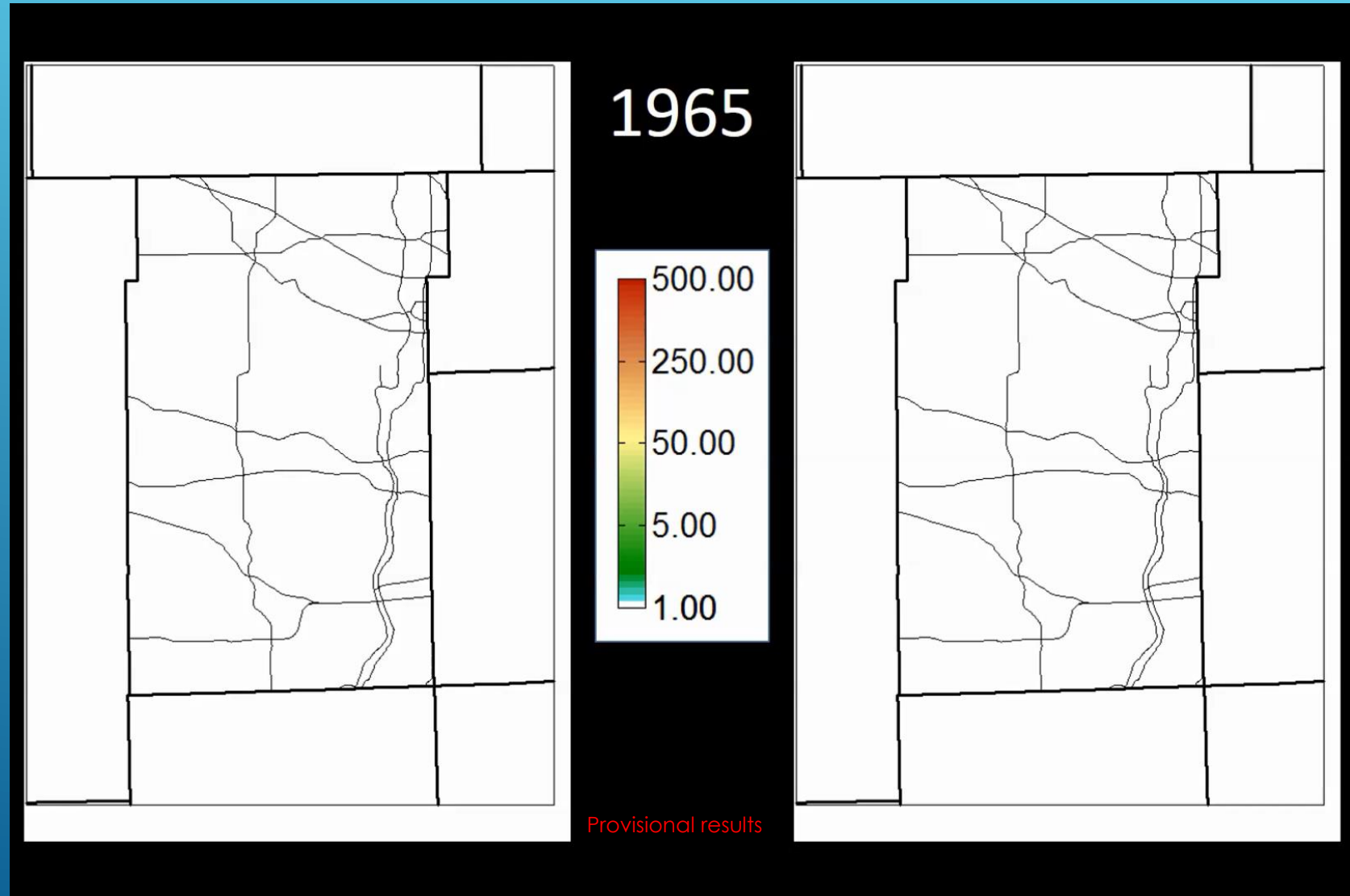
Graph courtesy of Walt Kelly

INCREASE OF CHLORIDE IN GROUNDWATER: 1965 - 2015

Sand & Gravel Aquifers

Shallow Bedrock Aquifer

Study of
Kane County
by the
Illinois State
Water Survey




CURRENTLY
NO ALTERNATIVE TO SALT
FOR SNOW/ICE MANAGEMENT


BEST OPTION IS TO USE SALT WISELY

SENSIBLE SALTING

“The use of Best Management Practices for snow and ice management that maintains safety for pedestrians, drivers, vehicles and property while eliminating the unnecessary use of salt to minimize impacts to water and the environment.”

Several thin, white, parallel diagonal lines are positioned in the bottom right corner of the slide, extending from the right edge towards the center.

Sensible Salting

- Proper Storage
 - Calibrating equipment
 - Only applying enough product to be effective
 - Tracking Weather
 - Applying correct product for road temperature
 - Anti-Icing vs. De-Icing
 - Using liquid applications before events
 - Use of carbohydrates (beet juice)
 - Pre-wetting
 - Training and Certification
- 
- A series of three parallel white diagonal lines are positioned in the bottom right corner of the slide, extending from the middle of the right edge towards the bottom left.

Proper Salt Storage



Best



Better



Wrong

Calibrate Equipment



- Calibrate Annually
- Correct application rate



Photo: Scott Kuykendall

Use Correct Application Rates



More Like This



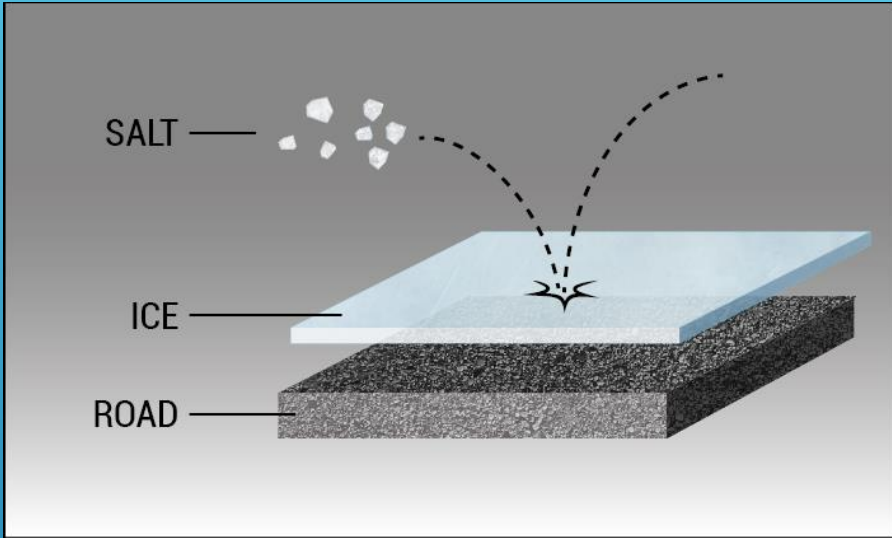
Right



NOT Like This

Wrong

REDUCE SALT USE



Pre-Wet Salt

- Activates the Salt
- Improves Effectiveness
- Reduces Bounce

Use Correct Product
for Pavement Temperature



REDUCE SALT USE

Anti-Icing – Liquid Application Prior to Storms



Photo: Scott Kuykendall

- Prevents bonding
- Simplifies snow removal
- Reduces need for additional salt applications

REDUCE SALT USE

Liquid De-Icing – Liquid Application During Storms



- 2018/2019 Season, MCDOT tested “All Liquid Route”
- MCDOT Supermix (85% Salt Brine, 10% Organic, 5% Calcium Chloride)
- route yielded 38% reduction in road salt usage for season

REDUCE SALT USE

Living Snow Fences



- 2018/2019 MCDOT and Farmer created Living Snow Fence
- Improves Safety - Reduces drifting, mobilizations, salt use
- Road surfaces routinely 15 degrees warmer

Sensible Salting Training

Classroom Training



Hands-On Training

Photos: Scott Kuykendall

Northwest Water Planning Alliance (NWPA)

Sensible Salting Committee

Goal: Protect water quality by reducing unnecessary release of chlorides to water from snow/ice management activities

Findings: Most County's, many municipalities, and other governmental entities working on salt reduction

Private sector has no oversight and actually incentivizes excessive use of salt

Greatest opportunity to influence salt reduction is in private sector

Northwest Water Planning Alliance (NWPA) Sensible Salting Committee

Sensible Salting for Parking Lots and Sidewalks

Expanded Sensible Salting Committee with partners throughout Chicago Region

Including:

McHenry County Planning and Development	Salt Smart	Illinois Section American Water Works Association	Engineering Enterprises, Inc.
Kane County Stormwater Management and Permitting	Morris Engineering	Illinois State Water Survey (ISWS)	Midwest Salt
Lake County Stormwater Management Commission	Barrington Area Council of Governments (BACOG)	Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning (MCAP)	Cornerstone Partners
Lake County Health Department	Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago (MWRDGC)	Des Plaines River Group	Morris Engineering
Village of Aurora	Sea Grant Illinois-Indiana	Illinois State Toll Highway Authority	Acres Groups
Fortin Consulting	Conservation Foundation	Viasala	Good Samaritan Hospital

Northwest Water Planning Alliance (NWPA)

Sensible Salting Committee

Sensible Salting for Parking Lots and Sidewalks

Developed a Four Step Plan:

1. Regional Sensible Salting Manual
2. Professional Regional Training & Certification program
3. Local ordinances or policy's requiring "Certified" operators
4. State legislation providing limited liability protection for "Certified" operators

SENSIBLE SALTING FOR PARKING LOTS & SIDEWALKS

STEP 1:

REGIONAL SENSIBLE SALTING MANUAL



WE HAVE BEEN SINGING ABOUT SENSIBLE SALTING WITH A SOFT VOICE

Sensible Salting Training and Outreach

- Counties
- Trade Organizations
- Environmental Groups



NEED TO RAISE THE VOLUME TO 11 !!!



AND SING WITH A LOUD UNIFIED VOICE!

Sensible Salting!

So everyone
is aware of
the problem



And the
solutions!!!

SENSIBLE SALTING FOR PARKING LOTS & SIDEWALKS

STEP 1:

REGIONAL SENSIBLE SALTING MANUAL

- Empower any stakeholder group to speak with a unified message
- Increase awareness about Sensible Salting throughout Northeastern Illinois
- Draft currently going through 2nd round of editing
- 2nd Draft Due Fall of 2019

SENSIBLE SALTING FOR PARKING LOTS & SIDEWALKS

STEP 1:

REGIONAL SENSIBLE SALTING MANUAL

- Partner with SALT SMART to provide widespread access to Regional Manual
- Work with all potential stakeholders to use Regional Manual and promote Sensible Salting
- Use Regional Manual to raise support for STEP 2!



<http://saltsmart.org/>

SENSIBLE SALTING FOR PARKING LOTS & SIDEWALKS

STEP 2:

REGIONAL TRAINING & CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

- Use the Regional Manual to raise interest in salt reduction and get funding to develop a Professional Sensible Salting Training & Certification program for Northeast Illinois
- Use Steps 1 & 2 to raise support for STEP 3!

SENSIBLE SALTING FOR PARKING LOTS & SIDEWALKS

STEP 3:

WORK WITH MUNICIPALITIES TO REQUIRE “CERTIFIED” SNOW/ICE OPERATORS

- Help municipalities develop and implement policies or ordinances
 - Raise awareness of Sensible Salting for property owners and managers
 - Increase participation and demand for training and certification
 - Begin reducing the amount of chlorides
- Use Steps 1, 2 and 3 to raise support for STEP 4!

SENSIBLE SALTING FOR PARKING LOTS & SIDEWALKS

STEP 4:

ENACT STATE LEGISLATION PROVIDING
LIMITED LIABILITY PROTECTION
FOR PROPERTY OWNERS WHO HIRE
“CERTIFIED” OPERATORS

- Uses market forces to drive demand for reduced salt use

SENSIBLE SALTING FOR PARKING LOTS & SIDEWALKS

Billy Bob's



Snow Plow Service

VS.

ACE's



**“CERTIFIED” SNOW PLOW SERVICE
WITH
LIMITED LIABILITY PROTECTION**

SENSIBLE SALTING FOR PARKING LOTS & SIDEWALKS

STEP 4:

**ENACT STATE LEGISLATION PROVIDING
LIMITED LIABILITY PROTECTION
FOR PROPERTY OWNERS WHO HIRE
“CERTIFIED” OPERATORS**

- Uses market forces to drive demand for reduced salt use
- Incentivize the use of Sensible Salting practices and use less salt
- Fundamentally change snow/ice management on commercial properties
- Result in reduced water pollution from road salt!

LEAVE SAFE, SUSTAINABLE WATER FOR FUTURE GENERATIONS



Scott Kuykendall
Water Resources Specialist
McHenry County Department of Planning & Development
(815) 334-2863
SHKuykendall@mchenrycountyil.gov